



Newspaper Terms of North America

Graphical glossary of newspaper terms

Version 2

November 2009

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The objects that make up a newspaper page are often collectively called **Furniture**.

Multiples pages folded together form a **Book** or, if they contain related news (such as sports), a **Section**.

Flag or Nameplate or Banner
(contains the Logo)

Scotch Rule (a combined thick and thin Rule)

Refer ("refer to...")

Standing Graphic

Jump Line

Double Rule (two parallel Rules of the same width)

Stand-alone Photo
(with optional Centered Head)

Above the fold

Below the fold

Refer

Caption (or Cutline) with
Credit Line

Headline

Summary Graf or Subhead

Byline

Vertical Rule

Index or Menu

Universal Price Code (UPC)
or Bar Code

Gray Bar

The San Diego Union-Tribune.

Monday
May 5, 2008

50¢
Final

Obama's defining moment upon him

Senator doesn't want GOP to characterize him

By George E. Condon Jr.
U-T WASHINGTON BUREAU

WASHINGTON—Sen. Barack Obama has emerged from perhaps the toughest week of his presidential campaign with more than just some fresh bruises. He also seems to have a greater understanding of what may be his most crucial challenge in the coming weeks: defining himself before his opponents do.

"It's important for the American people to know who I am, what my values are and what I stand for," Obama said Wednesday at a town hall-style meeting in Lafayette, Ind., where he continued to battle against efforts to link him with the inflammatory remarks of his former pastor, the Rev. Jeremiah Wright.

The day before, when he angrily broke with Wright, there was an urgency in his tone when Obama talked about "who I am" and "what I believe." Passionately, he said that anybody who knows him would understand he could not embrace the sentiments of Wright.

But that is Obama's problem: Most Americans haven't had much time to get to know him. When he burst upon the national scene last year, he had almost no name recognition. His state legislator barely known even in his home state.

"One of his fundamental problems is that he is not well-known. He is like an empty vessel that you keep filling up with information," said G. Terry Madonna, director of the Center for Politics and Public Affairs at Franklin & Marshall College in Pennsylvania.

SEE Obama, A11

Slow burn toward FEMA funds

4 years of red tape stall city's effort to clear brush

By David Hasemyer
STAFF WRITER

Five months after October's wildfires, San Diego Mayor Jerry Sanders stood on the edge of a massive canyon and brush from open spaces, "in order to ensure that our community is better prepared for future wildfires."

Work crews wielding weed whackers served as his backdrop as he spoke of thinning 1,180 acres of canyons and lots citywide over the next two years, thanks to \$2.3 million from the Federal Emergency Management Agency and \$3.5 million from the city's general fund.

What Sanders didn't explain was that the city had asked federal officials for the money in 2003, not stood on the edge of a wildfire, not years of pushing through unwieldy state and federal requirements.

As the city dealt with the red tape, brush and debris-choked land continued to pose a fire risk. None of the areas addressed in the application burned in October, but the delay shows the obstacles communities can face when working to avert disasters.

"If it wasn't for being so wrapped up in the minutiae, it might have meant getting the money a year earlier," may-

SEE Brush, A10

A FAMILY FAREWELL

Joined by their 6-month-old son Naythan, Marine Pfc. Vedran Drjic hugged his wife, Sheri, at San Diego Naval Air Station before he boarded the amphibious assault ship Peleliu for deployment to an undisclosed location yesterday. About 5,500 sailors and Marines departed with a convoy led by the Peleliu and comprising the amphibious ships Pearl Harbor and DuBouque, the cruiser Cape St. George and the destroyers Halsey and Benfold. K.C. Alford / Union-Tribune

STORY, B1

WHAT'S NEXT

The remaining Democratic contests:

Tomorrow: Indiana, North Carolina

May 13: West Virginia

May 20: Kentucky, Oregon

June 3: Puerto Rico

June 3: Montana, South Dakota

Clinton, Obama trade bars in separate appearances on Sunday news shows. A3

Paris, Milan and ... Escondido?

Fashion Week to show city's glamorous side

By Jennifer Goodwin
STAFF WRITER

On Friday nights, classic cars and hot rods roll down Escondido's main drag for an event called Cruisin' Grand. The city's annual Grape Day Parade showcases school marching bands, homemade floats and black-smithing demonstrations.

Americans still has its place in Escondido, city leaders say. But a group of local movers and shakers has designs on showing off the city's more glamorous, urban and — dare we say it? — snootier side.

Today through Saturday, Escondido will join Paris, Milan and New York as host of its very own Fashion Week. During six days of shows, professional models will strut down a 45-foot runway in a vacant furniture store draped in 1,500 yards of white organza, meant to look like a big-city fashion week tent.

Local designers Miriam J and Susan will show original gowns and sportswear, artists will craft dresses and accessories from recycled materi-

SEE Escondido, A10

Hezbollah trains Iraqis in Iran, officials report

U.S. forms allegations from interrogations

By Michael R. Gordon
NEW YORK TIMES NEWS SERVICE

BAGHDAD — Militants from the Lebanese group Hezbollah have been training Iraqi militia fighters at a camp near Tehran, according to U.S. officials, who say the training reports that the Iraq government.

A U.S. official said the account of Hezbollah's role was provided by four Shiite militia members who were captured in Iraq late last year and questioned separately.

The United States has long charged that the Iranians were training Iraqi militia fighters in Iran, which Iran has consistently denied, and there have been previous reports about Hezbollah operatives in Iraq.

But the interrogation reports said that the Iranian camp offer important details about Iranian assis-

SEE Hezbollah, A13

DETAILS

Escondido Fashion Week

When: Today through Saturday

Where: The former H. Johnson building at 101 S. Broadway

Tickets: \$20 to \$45

More information: fashionweekescondido.com or (760) 745-8877

U-T VOICE | LOGAN JENKINS

Deep-seated beliefs about motherhood color the perceptions of three women in the news. **Our Region, B2**

FOR BREAKING NEWS ONLINE, GO TO: uniontrib.com

7 5944 00007 5

Above the Fold



Left Ear → "All the News That's Fit to Print"

Stepped Head (note indents) → The New York Times

Copyright → Copyright © 2001 The New York Times

Hammer Head centered all-caps → U.S. ATTACKED

Right Ear or Weather Ear → **Late Edition**
New York: Today, sunny, a few afternoon clouds. High 77. Tonight, slightly more humid. Low 65. Tomorrow, sun then clouds. High 81. Yesterday, high 81, low 63. Weather map, Page C19.

VOL. CL . . . No. 51,877 NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 2001 \$1 per copy (the greater New York metropolitan area) 75 CENTS

HIJACKED JETS DESTROY TWIN TOWERS AND HIT PENTAGON IN DAY OF TERROR

A CREEPING HORROR
Buildings Burn and Fall as Onlookers Search for Elusive Safety
By N. R. KLEINFELD
It kept getting worse. The horror arrived in episodic



President Vows to Exact Punishment for 'Evil'
By SERGE SCHMEMMANN
Hijackers rammed jetliners into each of New York's World Trade Center towers yesterday, toppling both in a hellish storm of ash, glass, smoke and leaping victims, while a third jetliner crashed into the Pentagon in Virginia. There was no official count, but President Bush said thousands had perished, and in the immediate aftermath the calamity was already being ranked the worst and most audacious

Above the Fold (Sky Box)

Registration or Printer's Marks (trimmed at printing plant) → [Color bars and registration marks]

Date Ear → MONDAY MAY 5, 2008

Logo → The Oregonian

Sky Box → **How We Live** section debuts today with a new name, new content, new look and a new focus on today's trends: Family. Health. Free time. SECTION C

Edition Ear → SUNRISE EDITION

Other elements:
 - **Registration or Printer's Marks (trimmed at printing plant)**: Includes color bars (C, M, Y, K) and registration marks.
 - **Section Headers**: "Eight Belles Breakdown clouds horse racing's image SPORTS, D2", "HOW WE LIVE", "Black pastors' messages take".
 - **Images**: A photo of a woman (Rose Martin) and a photo of a man (Allen Temple).
 - **Text**: "Welcome to the new How We Live section", "Below | Rose Martin stands during a hymn at Allen Temple Christian Methodist Episcopal Church on Sunday morning. She and Lenora Jeanmarie (center)".

BREAKING NEWS AT OREGONLIVE.COM

WINNER OF THE 2007 PULITZER PRIZE FOR BREAKING NEWS

PORTLAND, OREGON

Black pastors' messages take



BELOW | Rose Martin stands during a hymn at Allen Temple Christian Methodist Episcopal Church on Sunday morning. She and Lenora Jeanmarie (center)

Sea lions apparently

★ SPECIAL ELECTION EDITION: 10 PAGES OF COVERAGE ★

← Skyline or Overline

THE INDIANAPOLIS STAR

WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 2008 ★ "Where the spirit of the Lord is, there is liberty" II COR. 3:17 ★ 50 CENTS ★ CITY FINAL

CLINTON, BARELY

← Hammer Head

LONG THOMPSON SQUEAKS PAST SCHELLINGER

Obama claims strong victory in North Carolina

← Banks, Decks or Decker Heads; Each deck is a sub-head separated by a Horizontal Rule



Matthew Tully

Polls closed, and drama got under way

Indiana loved its moment in the spotlight so much it refused to give it up Tuesday night. Long after North Carolina's primary had been called for Sen. Barack Obama, long after many people had given up and gone to bed, the nation and the world waited for final results to come out of Indiana. They waited. And waited. After 1 a.m., it appeared Sen. Hillary Rodham Clinton had pulled out a narrow victory. But before the race could be called, several hours had passed and the national media had begun to poke fun at Lake County, where mayors bickered on CNN over delayed vote counting. The nation's eyes were still focused on Indiana. The spotlight we've come to love was still shining on us. As the hours passed without a decision Tuesday night, I had a thought: Excuse me, Indiana. But it's over. The candidates and the national media are ready to move on to West Virginia and Kentucky. It's time to accept our fate. In the presidential race, we are now has-beens. Listen, I loved the national attention as much as you did. But as the final results refused to come in late Tuesday, Hoosiers were

» See Tully, Page A8



INDIANA: CLINTON 51%, OBAMA 49%

Sen. Hillary Rodham Clinton pledged to keep going full throttle at the Murat Centre in Indianapolis on Tuesday, saying, "Thanks to you, it's full speed to the White House." Clinton added 74 total delegates Tuesday and has 1,682 of the 2,025 needed for the nomination.



NORTH CAROLINA: OBAMA 56%, CLINTON 42%

Barack Obama declared he was closing in on the Democratic presidential nomination. He added 87 total delegates Tuesday. He has 1,832 of the 2,025 delegates needed.

JAE C. HONG / Associated Press

LAKE COUNTY HOLDUP DELAYS VOTING RESULTS

By Mary Beth Schneider and Maureen Groppe
mary.beth.schneider@indystar.com

Sen. Hillary Rodham Clinton squeaked out a critical razor-thin victory in Indiana's presidential primary Tuesday but lost North Carolina's primary, a split decision that left her no closer to overcoming Sen. Barack Obama in the race for the Democratic nomination. With 99 percent of the votes counted, Clinton was clinging to a narrow 51 percent to 49 percent lead. Only about 22,000 votes out of about 1.2 million cast separated her and Obama.

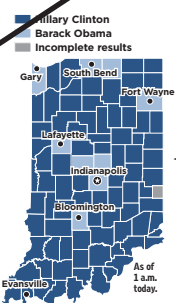
Clinton's victory in the electoral primary, former U.S. Rep. Jill Long Thompson defeated Indianapolis architect Jim Schellinger by 5,400 votes.

The final decision declaring Clinton the winner came about three hours after she claimed victory, telling 1,800 cheering supporters at the Murat Centre in Indianapolis: "Thanks to you, it's full speed to the White House."

The brakes were slammed on, though, as the state, and the nation, waited for late returns from Lake County, which withheld its results throughout the night. Lake County had been considered Obama territory. It's next to his hometown of Chicago, and its large black

» See Clinton, Page A9

Sen. Barack Obama won the population centers, and Sen. Hillary Rodham Clinton won the rural and small-town voters.



← Mug Shot Byline.

← Lede Story is the main article on Page One.

← Off-lede is the second-most important story; if it is a companion article to the lede, it is a Sidebar.

← Wrapup or Summary Box is often used on major stories to summarize events and direct readers to major pieces of the package.

← News Graphic (Not Map, which is used to locate something geographically.)

INDYSTAR.COM

COMPLETE RESULTS

» IndyStar.com: Find reaction and county-by-county results for all the major races.

PHOTOS AND VIDEOS

» IndyStar.com/multimedia: See Sen. Hillary Rodham Clinton's party at the Murat Centre, as well as other metro-area election action.

ELECTION TOOLBOX

» IndyStar.com/2008race: Read background, blogs and national headlines and see where the winners stand on key issues.

COMPLETE INDIANA ELECTION RESULTS

DEMS' RACE FOR GOVERNOR WAS CLIFFHANGER



Jill Long Thompson edged past Jim Schellinger Tuesday night in the fierce battle for the Democratic nomination for governor. Crowds had gathered at rallies for both candidates, anxiously awaiting results from Lake County. **B1**

CARSON, BURTON STAVE OFF CHALLENGERS

U.S. Rep. Andre Carson said it's time to reunite the party after winning the nomination in the 7th District. U.S. Rep. Dan Burton faced his closest race in the 5th District. Also, find results for local races from coroner to school board. **In Metro+State**

ALSO IN TODAY'S STAR: A COMMUTER RAIL LINE FROM HAMILTON COUNTY TO INDY COULD OPEN WITHIN 2 TO 4 YEARS. **B1**



WEATHER » Low: 53 High: 73 » Stormy, C4 INDEX » Comics Taste, Pages 18-22 » Lottery A2 » Deaths B8-9 » TV Taste, 16-17 » Editorials A14

TOP 8 WORST ROADS

You drive 'em... and you hate 'em!

Central Indiana's Top 8 Worst Roads.

See if yours made the list.

TOMORROW AT 6:45AM ON DAYBREAK

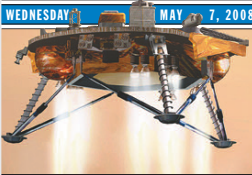
WISH TV

OTTAWA CITIZEN

WEDNESDAY MAY 7, 2008

ESTABLISHED IN 1845

OTTAWACITIZEN.COM



CANADA GOES TO MARS

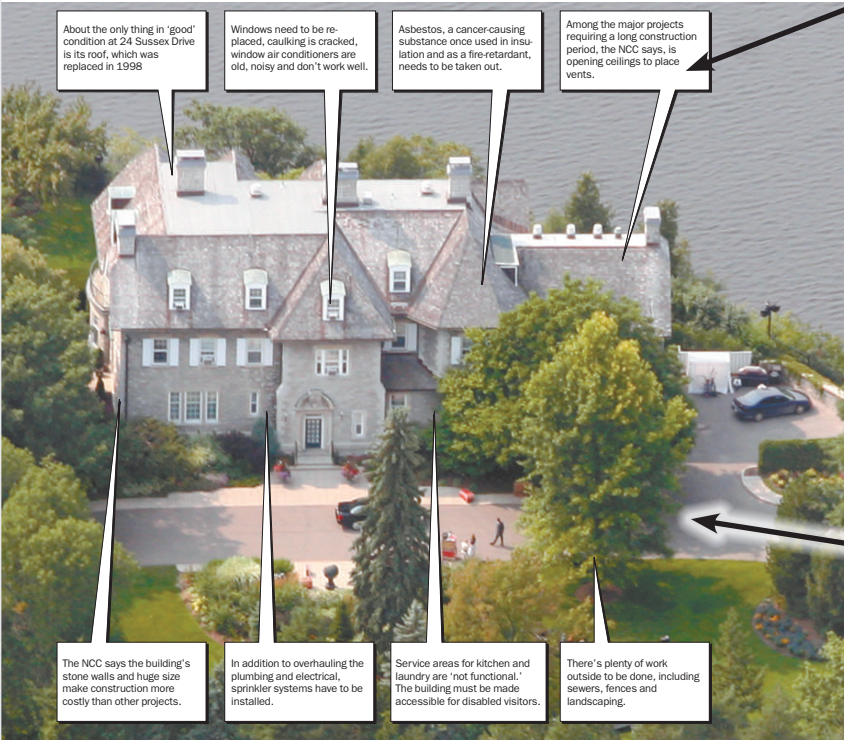
Phoenix lander packed with homegrown instruments
CANADA, A7

ON THE HUNT FOR A GOOD STORY

Helen Hunt on being a producer, writer, director, actress — and a mom
ARTS & LIFE, E1

24 SUSSEX: HANDYMAN SPECIAL

NCC wants PM to pack up and move out while residence is renovated



About the only thing in 'good' condition at 24 Sussex Drive is its roof, which was replaced in 1998

Windows need to be replaced, caulking is cracked, window air conditioners are old, noisy and don't work well.

Asbestos, a cancer-causing substance once used in insulation and as a fire-retardant, needs to be taken out.

Among the major projects requiring a long construction period, the NCC says, is opening ceilings to place vents.

The NCC says the building's stone walls and huge size make construction more costly than other projects.

In addition to overhauling the plumbing and electrical, sprinkler systems have to be installed.

Service areas for kitchen and laundry are 'not functional.' The building must be made accessible for disabled visitors.

There's plenty of work outside to be done, including sewers, fences and landscaping.

THE PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICIAL RESIDENCE, 24 SUSSEX DRIVE, PHOTO BY MIKE CARROCCETTO, THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

A bundle of related stories is known as a Package.

Balloon or Explainer or (if on a map) Locator.

Desperate Burmese struggle to find food, shelter

Cyclone death toll hits 22,500; risk of disease spreads

BY GRAEME JENKINS

RANGOON, Burma — With her husband in prison, a young woman sat in the ruins of her bamboo home yesterday with a toddler on her knee, cooking on an open fire.

"I bought some dried fish before the storm, but there is enough only for today," she said. "I don't know what I will do tomorrow."

She is one of the million people estimated to have been left homeless by Cyclone Nargis, which swept over southern Burma on Saturday, bringing a massive tidal surge and leaving devastation in its wake.

The Burmese government said yesterday that more than 22,500 people were dead and another 41,000 missing in the country of 48 million. It is Asia's worst natural disaster since the 2004 tsunami.

The woman, who asked not to be named, said she had received no assistance from the military regime, but Burmese people know better than to look for help from that quarter.

"I have not had anything from the government, nor do I expect anything from the government," she said. "All I need is my hut. I want a place to stay."

Nevertheless, the rumour making the rounds in her village — that the regime had rejected offers of international aid — had angered people.

Fifteen people were killed by the cyclone in this settlement of several thousand. Now the fields are flooded and sewage is seeping into the water used for washing and cooking. The survivors are camped out in the remains of their homes, each one an island in the filthy water.

Yet this was not a remote village in the delta, where the crisis is worst. The tower blocks of Yangon are just a few kilometres away.

Satellite imagery released yesterday showed the Irrawaddy delta region, which took the brunt of the storm, radically altered, with whole islands submerged and one town in particular — Bogalay — almost entirely swept away.

LISTEN TO THE EDITORIAL BOARD'S MEETING WITH SEIN WIN, THE PRIME MINISTER OF BURMA'S GOVERNMENT-IN-EXILE, AT OTTAWACITIZEN.COM/EDBOARD

FOOD FEARS: CYCLONE WREAKS HAVOC ON RICE REGION, PAGE A11

See BURMA on PAGE A8

Fix this old house: auditor

Residence in such bad shape Canada risks embarrassment on world stage: Fraser

BY PATRICK DARE

The prime minister's residence at 24 Sussex Drive is in such poor condition that it should be vacated for up to 15 months while a massive \$9.7-million renovation is done, says the National Capital Commission.

The commission, which took over management of official residences in 1987, says overhauling the historic mansion has become urgent.

An audit released yesterday by federal Auditor General Sheila Fraser says the needed

repairs have been put off too long and should be done as soon as possible, or the building will become even more costly to fix. As well, postponing the construction project will mean more discomfort for the prime minister's family, more difficulty holding official functions and the risk of fostering a negative image of Canada with foreign dignitaries.

NCC chief executive officer Marie Lemay said the commission hasn't had formal discussions with Prime Minister Stephen Harper, or his staff,

about the situation, but hopes to soon. The NCC believes it will be able to find a temporary home for the Harper family from among its holdings in the capital region.

But getting the Harper family to move out of the building may not be easy.

"The prime minister and his family find 24 Sussex adequate for their needs," said Carolyn Stewart-Olsen, press secretary to the prime minister. "They have no plans to leave before the next election."

See AUDIT on PAGE A2

INSIDE: AUDITOR GENERAL'S REPORT

41,000 deportees missing
Sheila Fraser slams border agency's tracking system, A5

Afghan shipping woes

Supplying the Afghan war has been affected by delays in shipping everything from vehicle parts to medical devices, says Ms. Fraser, A5

Passport fees too high ...

... but the government doesn't know what to charge for medical marijuana, audit finds, A5

Now DND's cloak of secrecy covers would-be suppliers

Critics blame 'excessively secretive' Tory government

BY DAVID PUGLIESE

The Defence Department has increased the secrecy around the way it spends taxpayers' money by bringing in a new rule

that prevents companies interested in bidding on equipment projects from talking publicly.

The Defence Department has released a notice giving details about its plans to purchase new sonar systems for the navy's frigates. But the department has also warned companies not to discuss the program.

See SECRECY on PAGE A2

INSIDE:



Obama picks up strength over Clinton

Democratic presidential candidate Barack Obama put weeks of controversy behind him yesterday, WORLD, A10

Dog praised as little lost girl's 'saviour'

Girl went looking for father, spent night in woods near Bancroft

BY DAVID GONCZOL

When two-and-a-half-year-old Destiny King visits her aunt's farm in Coe Hill, Ont., near Bancroft, the farm's collie, Shilo, follows her everywhere. So when she wandered into the bush that surrounds the farm Monday evening, looking for her father, who was fixing fences, Shilo was right behind her.

And all through the night, as searchers in planes and on the ground combed the treacherous, rocky area for the missing child, Shilo stayed close, keeping Destiny warm and safe.

So close to the child's midsection when rescuers found her at 5:20 a.m. yesterday, a full three kilometres west of the farm.

"That dog was her saviour and her friend who stayed with her all the time that she was out in the bush," said Destiny's mother, Debbie King.

The Kings, who also live in Coe Hill, called police after spending a frantic night.

The dog was missing after realizing she was missing.

See LOST on PAGE A9

News Graphic is any photo that has graphic elements added; any explanatory drawing; or any artistic rendering. Data graphs are referred to as Charts. Staged or heavily modified photos are known as Photo Illustrations.

Summary Line or Subhead

Shirttail (A refer or note that can sometimes be separated from the upper item by a rule.)

Postal notification (Legally required in some jurisdictions, and sometimes placed inside.)

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EGAN	C1	GARDNER	A15
LETTERS	A13, C4	TELEVISION	D6
MOVIES	E5	WARREN	A14

TODAY'S WEATHER*

Sunny, showers.

High 20, low 11.

Sunrise: 5:42 a.m.

Sunset: 8:17 p.m.

SEE PAGE D6.

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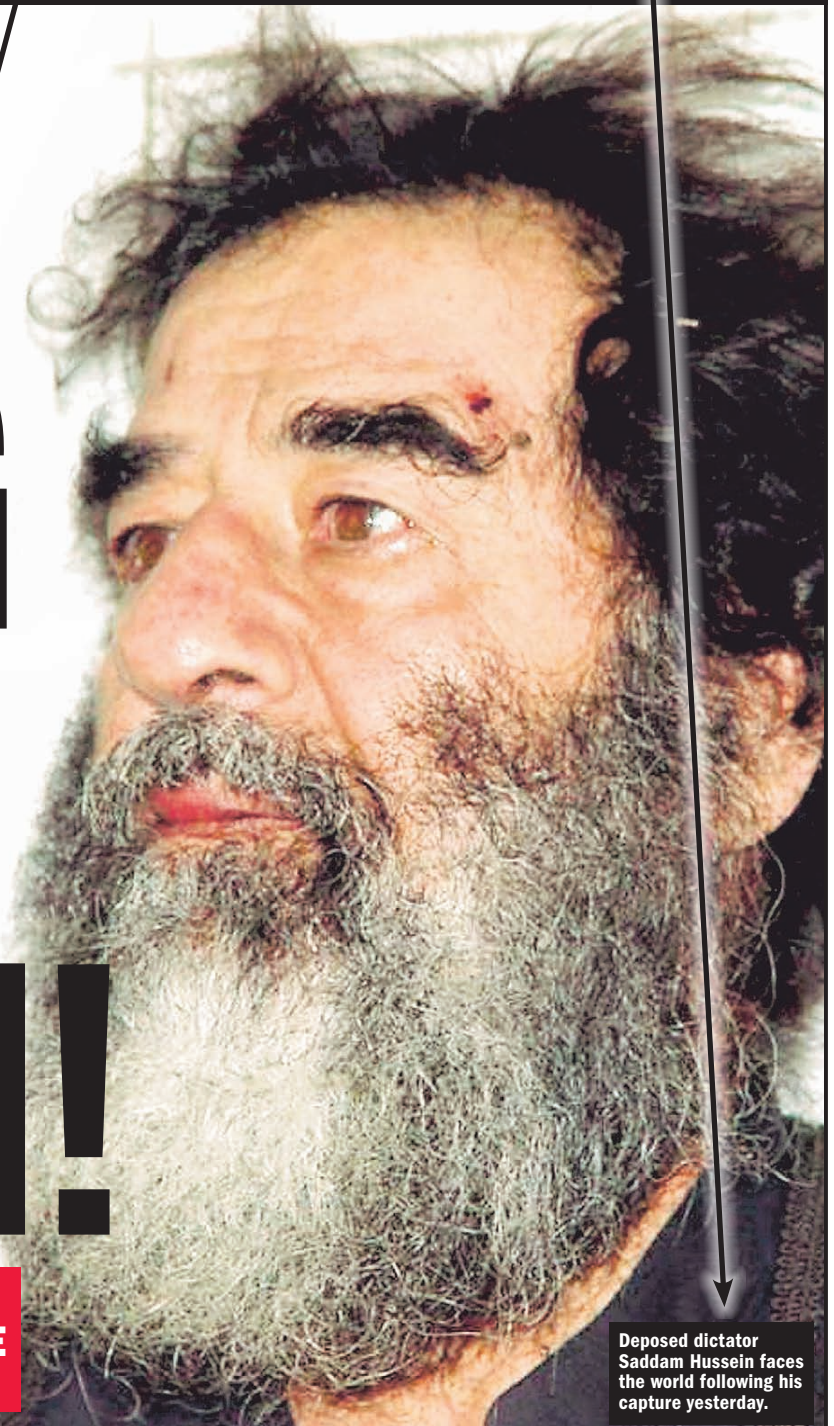
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NEW YORK'S HOMETOWN NEWSPAPER

Monday, December 15, 2003

WE BAG THE BUM!

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BEGIN ON PAGES 2-3**



Deposed dictator
Saddam Hussein faces
the world following his
capture yesterday.

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**Anxious Investors
Tap the 401(k) Egg**
MONTHLY FUNDS REPORT R1

**Is the Rice Rally
Fully Harvested?**
COMMODITIES REPORT C10

**Asset Allocation Strategies: Is it as valuable
as it appears? — HEARD ON THE STREET C2**
There are signs of a recovery in the IPO market after a
slow few months — DEALS & DEAL MAKERS C5
Taiwan's real-estate market may have found its footing —
OF EACH FRONT PAGE C6

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THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

Monday, May 5, 2008

AHEAD OF THE TAPE Stocks March Not to the Beat Of Economy

EVEN THOUGH the economy is just muddling along, the stock market is back on the march.

Since bottoming on March 10, the Standard & Poor's 500-stock index has rallied nearly 11%.

The economy's performance hardly seems to justify such ebullience. Housing continues to deteriorate, non-farm payrolls have shrunk for four straight months, consumer confidence has plunged and the government has reported two straight quarters of annualized gross domestic product growth of just 0.6%.

The market's rally is based partly on sheer relief that the financial system didn't collapse in March. It also seems to derive from a belief that the economy is in for a rebound in the second half of the year.

Until home prices find a bottom, delinquencies will continue to rise, keeping credit markets unsettled and relatively tight, and consumer confidence and spending anemic.

The housing market still has to absorb more than a million too-many new and used homes

The performance of the S&P 500
Friday's close: 1413.38
Year-to-date change: down 3.7%

Sources: WSJ Market Data Group

on the market, says John Mauldin, president of Millennium Wave Advisors, LLC, a Texas investment advisory firm. "That will take a few years."

Mr. Mauldin has coined the term "Muddle-Through Economy" to describe what he believes will be a shallow but long recession and a prolonged recovery period of better-than-expected growth. This column has referred to it as a kind of economic purgatory.

While such an economy might yet avoid jarring job losses and deep economic pain, it is hardly conducive to strong corporate profits or a robust stock market.

Typically in periods when the economy is stagnant—see, for example, the late 1960s, the late 1970s and the two years after the tech-stock bubble burst—earnings growth cools, stocks drift and price-to-earnings ratios shrink.

In the most extreme example, the P/E ratio for the S&P 500 fell below seven in the early '80s, compared with about 21 today. The index's dividend yield surged to 6%, compared with about 2% today.

A low P/E ratio means stocks are cheap relative to their earning power, while a high dividend yield means they offer higher returns. Both conditions make them more attractive relative to other investments.

They probably won't get back to those extremes, but the S&P's P/E ratio will likely fall and its dividend yield likely rise again. And stocks might not fall all that far from their March 10 bottom, but won't rise much, either.

It might be a good time, then, to look for investment strategies designed for a muddle-through market. Unfortunately, that isn't as easy as simply buying the S&P 500 and watching the money magically multiply. Some days are gone.

Some investors think stocks that pay high dividends are the ticket. Others think companies with robust earnings growth will offset a slow-growth market. Of course, they don't always pay high dividends. Whatever the strategy, one thing is clear: In a muddle-through market, making money is harder work.

Email mark.gongloff@wsj.com

Bulls' Optimism May Be Premature

**Upbeat Forecasts for U.S. Companies
Defy Winds Ahead, Strategists Warn**

By TOM LAURICELLA

FIRST-QUARTER earnings season is roughly three quarters complete, and the bulls like what they have seen.

Aside from bloodied financial companies, profits have been surprisingly robust. Perhaps the most surprising and bullish development is that corporate executives have done little to guide down Wall Street's expectations

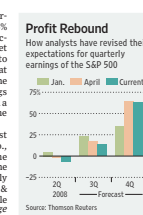
for the rest of the year. That has been good news for stocks—which have rallied from mid-March lows—but it also means Wall Street has set some pretty high bars to be cleared for stock prices to stay in line with expectations.

With so many uncertainties hanging over the economy, the risk is that the market is setting itself up for failure.

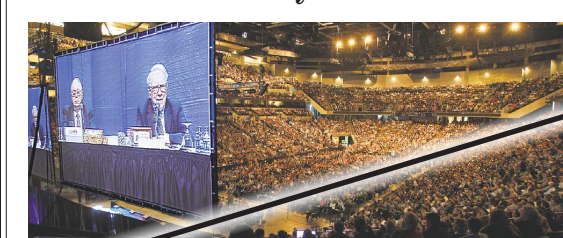
First-quarter earnings-per-share are on track to post a 15% decline from a year earlier, according to Thomson Reuters. Yet analysts still expect earnings to be up 10% for the full year. That translates into a slight loss in the second quarter, solid earnings growth in the third quarter and a fourth quarter that would be the most profitable in history.

Thomas Lee, equity strategist at J.P. Morgan Chase & Co., thinks expectations for the fourth quarter are too high. The consensus forecast of roughly \$93 a share for the Standard & Poor's 500-stock index as a whole.

Please turn to the next page



Buffett to Fans: Opportunity Exists But Berkshire May Not Be Best Bet



By KAREN RICHARDS

INVESTORS, TAKE HEART: Warren Buffett sees investment opportunities in the U.S. stock and bond markets, and believes widespread financial turmoil from the credit crunch is behind us.

Speaking to reporters Sunday, a day after Berkshire Hathaway Inc.'s annual fan-fest for shareholders at the West Center in Omaha, Neb., both Mr. Buffett, 77 years old, and Vice Chairman Charlie Munger, 84, criticized regulators, politicians and accountants for lax oversight of financial institutions that are at the center of the subprime mortgage crisis, and, according to Mr. Munger, were guilty of "deep conflicts of interest."

The regulators and the accountants have failed us terribly," Mr. Munger said, adding that mark-to-market accounting rules are necessary but can obscure other problems within a company.

This year at Mr. Buffett's annual gathering for shareholders—often called "Woodstock for Capitalists"—3,000 Buffett enthusiasts were serenaded by Fruit of the Loom minstrels, enjoyed samples of Berkshire portfolio companies such as Billy Bars and watched artist Michael Israel speed-paint a Buffett portrait with Benjamin Moore.

Mr. Buffett credited the Federal Reserve for helping to avert a more widespread crisis on Wall Street by orchest-

rating a bailout of Bear Stearns Cos. that "prevented, in my opinion, the contagion where you're going to have runs on investment banks."

Bank losses "aren't over by a long shot, but let's not let that already be recognized," he said, adding that the depth of the housing crisis, unemployment and other economic factors would help determine how long the write-down continues.

"The idea of financial panic has been pretty much taken care of," he said.

As to buying opportunities, Mr. Buffett told shareholders, "We are happy to invest in businesses that earn their money in the euro, or in companies that derive their earnings in Germany, or continue."

Mr. Buffett also said Berkshire Hathaway's four-month-old municipal-bond insurance business garnered more than \$400 million of premiums in the first quarter, boasting that this made its new business bigger than that of its rival.

"This whole company has been built in just a couple of months," Mr. Buffett said.

Sunday he took a few jabs at rivals, saying he was confounded by the ability of his municipal-bond insurer's biggest rivals, MBIA Inc. and Ambac Financial Corp., to retain their triple-A ratings.

If you can find another illustration of a company whose stock has gone down by 95% in one year and is still rated triple-A, I have yet to see it," Mr. Buffett said.

from the sterling in the [United Kingdom], because I don't have a feeling that those currencies are going to depreciate in a big way against the dollar." Sunday he said a Berkshire unit is close to buying a midsize company in the U.K., but he didn't elaborate. This month, Mr. Buffett is scheduled to tour five European cities looking for more buying opportunities.

What may not be an attractive buying opportunity? Berkshire itself, Mr. Buffett said Saturday. "Anyone who expects us to continue replicating the past should sell their stock now," he said.

Mr. Buffett also said Berkshire Hathaway's four-month-old municipal-bond insurance business garnered more than \$400 million of premiums in the first quarter, boasting that this made its new business bigger than that of its rival.

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at the NYSE for three to 12 months after the deal closes.

NYSE officials hope to complete the takeover by the third quarter. Regulators and Amex members must approve the deal.

Amex's traders and brokers who work on the floor of the options, stock and exchange-traded-fund market wouldn't be affected by the job cuts. The plan is to move those traders to an unoccupied trading floor of the nearby NYSE known as the Blue Room, for the color of its walls.

As trading has moved to electronic platforms in the past five years, activity on the NYSE's floor has dropped, leading the Big Board to consolidate its floor trading into fewer rooms. NYSE said in January it expected to save \$100 million annually within two years of closing the floor.

Once the second-largest U.S. stock exchange by shares traded, behind the NYSE, Amex's business of listing companies peaked decades ago.

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Past Shows Microsoft Is Only Jilted For Moment

By HEIN R. MOORE

WHILE Microsoft Corp. may make a comeback bid? Yahoo Inc. shareholders, likely reeling from the Internet company's decision to refuse a \$35-a-share takeover offer, may want to take solace in a couple of facts where "no" really does mean "no."

First, Microsoft Corp. and PepsiCo Inc. walked away from takeover attempts, only to return to the negotiating table after their prey twisted in the wind.

Take the saga of Quaker Oats. In 2000, PepsiCo walked away from its \$14 billion offer to buy Quaker Oats after Roger Enrico, PepsiCo's chairman and chief executive officer at the time, refused to sweeten the company's bid.

Rival Coca-Cola Co. stepped in within weeks with a \$15.75 billion stock-swap bid, but then at the 11th hour, Coke's board backed away from the deal.

Warren Buffett, that CEO of Berkshire Hathaway, who was so intent on winning PeopleSoft, who over an 18-month period he raised his price to \$36.50 a share from the initial \$18 in June 2005.

The impetus for the deal came when PeopleSoft's shareholders finally supported Oracle's bid. The final offer valued PeopleSoft at \$10.3 billion, around twice the original \$5.1 billion offer.

Mr. Buffett brought the same single-minded purpose to his bid for BEA Systems last year, but this time BEA shareholders did the dirty work. Oracle bought BEA, which held out for \$24 and for months didn't budge. Oracle finally walked away, sniffling that BEA probably wouldn't be able to do better.

Activist investor Carl Icahn, a BEA shareholder and incensed by BEA's refusal to deal, did all the tough talking, eventually bringing both sides together at \$19.38 a share.

In general, though, such gamesmanship takes its toll on both the bidder and its object of its affections. Shareholders generally hate uncertainty, and press management for a definitive view of strategy.

See related Deal Journal, page C3.

NYSE Deal May Force Amex To Eliminate 75% of Staff

By AARON LUCCHETTI

ABOUT THREE-FOURTHS of employees at the American Stock Exchange could be laid off following its pending purchase by New York Stock Exchange-owner NYSE Euronext, according to people familiar with the situation.

Widespread job cuts wouldn't be a big surprise, since Amex and much larger NYSE overlap in all their trading businesses. The layoffs being considered by NYSE Euronext reflect Chief Executive Duncan Niederauer's commitment to aggressively reduce costs at the global market operator, formed by last year's merger between NYSE Group and European exchange operator Euronext NV.

When the deal for \$260 million in stock, plus proceeds from 100 to 120 of those workers, those the figure hasn't been finalized. Some of the remaining 260 to 280 employees may stay

at the NYSE for three to 12 months after the deal closes.

NYSE officials hope to complete the takeover by the third quarter. Regulators and Amex members must approve the deal.

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When the Elderly Get to Choose Care

To the Editor:

"For the Elderly, Being Heard About Life's End" (front page, May 5) demonstrates the importance for the elderly to be in control of their medical care so they can choose whether to receive hospitalization, treatment, medication or nutrition. These decisions are legally available to us, generally, while we are mentally competent.

Good communication about these options is often lacking in nursing homes, hospitals and other facilities, unlike at the patient-centered retirement community discussed in the article.

Many more of us are living longer, but not necessarily better. At the end of our lives, particularly after diagnosis of a terminal illness, we should be informed of our right to receive information and counseling available about end-of-life options.

These include hospice, a prognosis with and without the continuation of curative treatment, the right to refusal of or withdrawal from life-sustaining treatment, the right to pain and symptom management, the right to voluntarily stop eating and drinking and the right to palliative sedation.

Whether we are healthy as elderly adults or frail, whether we have chronic illnesses or are terminally ill, as long as we are competent, we should be able to control our medical care, our lives and our deaths.

DAVID C. LEVEN
Executive Director
Compassion & Choices of New York
New York, May 5, 2008

her or his wishes and how to best accomplish their goals is almost completely unrecognized by Medicare. This must change.

SAM BRODY
Baldwin, N.Y., May 5, 2008

To the Editor:

"For the Elderly, Being Heard About Life's End" is encouraging. Slow medicine, as defined by the Dartmouth Medical School, is a step forward on this controversial path toward a kinder death. Advance health care directives are being acknowledged more in many states, but often are not followed by harried hospital physicians. A directive should become part of each medical record,



KATE O'CONNOR

with a designated agent who is strong enough to insist that the wishes of the one who is ill are followed.

Physicians who are cognizant of a patient's wishes to "take it slow" would be more willing to suggest hospice care earlier rather than later. Everyone involved would benefit.

THOMAS HOOPER
Portola Valley, Calif., May 5, 2008

To the Editor:

I am chief of palliative care services at Huntington Hospital in Huntington, N.Y. Your article regarding medical care of the elderly in New Hampshire underlines the necessity of limiting excessive medical interventions that provide limited benefit to the patient and prolong unnecessary suffering both to the patient and their families.

The concept of "slow medicine" must be explained and its use encouraged to both families and patients. Palliative care or slow medicine tries to enhance the quality of life when cure is not possible.

ALBERT E. SACKOFF
Huntington, N.Y., May 5, 2008

To the Editor:

As residents of Kendal at Hanover, the retirement community featured in your article, we fully subscribe to slow medicine. We must take exception, however, to the statement that "death and dying is central to conversation from Day 1."

We are in our 80s and came to Kendal two years ago for the quality of life as well as the quality of death. We found a vibrant intellectual as well as athletic and outdoor community. We are relieved of the worry of what will happen to us when we are no longer able to manage on our own.

As a result, we are then able to enjoy full productive lives at Kendal and in the outer community. Our caring sons summed it up by saying, "You have given us the greatest gift."

JOHN F. FIELDSTEEL
ROBERT FIELDSTEEL
Hanover, N.H., May 5, 2008

Guantánamo, Defended

To the Editor:

Re "A Prison of Shame, and It's Ours" (column, May 4):

I am insulted by Nicholas D. Kristof's characterizations of conditions at Guantánamo. I disagree with his implication that the medical care provided by a highly trained and dedicated staff is not conducted in a humane, professional manner. Sami al-Hajj was near ideal body weight when he left here and walked unsupported onto the aircraft.

Further, the case of Abdul Hamid al-Ghizawi's condition and treatment has been well documented before the United States District Court, which ruled that his continued refusal of treatment purposefully hindered our efforts to provide care.

If conditions here were as the Kristof alleges, I'd be outraged, too. The truth is that the troops of Joint Task Force Guantánamo are honorably conducting a difficult mission in the name of humane care and a study of those detained here, and I am proud to be their commander.

(Rear Adm.) MARK H. BUZY
U.S. Navy Commander
Joint Task Force Guantánamo
Guantánamo Bay, Cuba, May 4, 2008

It's About the White House

Like many Americans, we have been intrigued and often exasperated by the long-running Democratic primary and the ever smaller-bore spats between Senators Hillary Clinton and Barack Obama. So we are thankful to Senator John McCain for reminding us Tuesday what this year's presidential race really is about.

On a day when Mr. Obama won a decisive victory in North Carolina and Mrs. Clinton eked out a win in Indiana, Mr. McCain spoke about his judicial philosophy. He is determined to move a far too conservative and far too activist Supreme Court and federal judiciary even further and more actively to the right.

Mr. McCain predictably criticized liberal judges, vowed strict adherence to the Founders' views and promised to appoint more judges in the mold of Chief Justice John Roberts and Justice Samuel Alito. That is just what the country does not need.

Since President Bush chose Justices Roberts and Alito, the Court has ordered Seattle and Louisville to scrap voluntary school integration, protected employers who illegally mistreat their workers, and constrained women's right to choose and voters' right to vote.

Mr. McCain did not mention, of course, how the Roberts-led Court blatantly overruled Congress by nullifying a key part of the McCain-Feingold campaign finance law. He did not mention that in 1789 many women could not own property and African-Americans were property, but he did criticize the idea that values evolve over time.

There was a moment when we were briefly cheered. Mr. McCain declared that "all the powers of the American presidency must serve the Constitution and protect the people and their liberties." We hoped that would be the start of a serious critique of how President Bush has violated cherished civil liberties: endorsing

torture, ordering unlawful domestic spying and depriving detainees of the most basic right of habeas corpus.

Mr. McCain himself has eloquently criticized Mr. Bush's policies on some of these issues, but he did not raise any of them on Tuesday.

Which brings us back to the Democratic primaries. Unless Mrs. Clinton decides to quit the race — and she certainly did not sound on Tuesday like that was her plan — it is going to be up to the superdelegates to settle this contest. There has already been a lot of discussion about how they should do so. Choose the candidate who won his or her state primary or caucus? Or the one with the most delegates? Or the most votes overall? Or the one who won the biggest states?

Mr. McCain's speech suggests an additional metric: the candidate best able to explain to voters what is truly at stake in this election and why the country cannot, for example, afford another president committed to packing the courts with activist, right wing judges.

There are few policy differences between Mrs. Clinton and Mr. Obama. But there is a vast gulf between Mr. McCain and the two Democrats — and far too little difference between Mr. McCain and President Bush.

Instead of sparring, pointlessly, about who first opposed NAFTA or which of these Ivy League-educated lawyers has a more common touch, Mr. Obama and Mrs. Clinton should explain what they will do to restore the balance of power and protect civil liberties. They need to talk a lot more about addressing the health care crisis and the mortgage crisis and how they would bring American troops home and contain the chaos in Iraq.

Mrs. Clinton and Mr. Obama can continue to tear each other up and fight over each superdelegate, or they can debate the issues — for the sake of the voters.

The Death Penalty Returns

Roughly 15 death row prisoners are scheduled to be put to death between now and October, according to the Death Penalty Information Center. This flood of executions is the result of the Supreme Court's ruling that upheld the constitutionality of a troubling form of lethal injection. The next few months, as states put their machinery of death into overdrive, are an ideal time for the nation to rethink its commitment to capital punishment.

Last month, the Supreme Court upheld Kentucky's method of lethal injection. The ruling was controversial because the three drugs that Kentucky injects can cause excruciating pain and that there are not proper safeguards to avoid needless suffering, the court ruled that it does not violate the Eighth Amendment's prohibition of cruel and unusual punishment.

After the court accepted the case last fall, many states halted executions. Now, the Death Penalty Information Center projects that by the end of the year, there could be 50 to 60 executions, which would make the upcoming months one of the busiest in years on America's death rows. A disproportionate share of these will no doubt occur in Texas, which last year carried out more

than 60 percent of the nation's executions.

These scheduled executions come at a time when many Americans are, rightly, turning away from capital punishment. We believe that the taking of a life by the state is in all cases wrong, but it is particularly so when the deeply flawed system that exists today. Many defendants lack adequate legal representation at their trials, race distortors who is sentenced to death for what crimes and juries are "death qualified" — jurors with moral objections to the death penalty are removed. As the recent rash of DNA exonerations has shown, judges and juries too often sentence innocent people to death.

In the Kentucky case, Justice John Paul Stevens wrote a separate opinion in which he enumerated the many problems with the application of the death penalty and said that he decided that it is inherently unconstitutional. He also expressed his hope that the case would generate debate not just about lethal injection but about "the justification for the death penalty itself." With executioners gearing up across the country to start putting prisoners to death, state legislatures, governors, judges and ordinary Americans should start that debate.

Disaster in Myanmar

By all accounts, Cyclone Nargis has devastated Myanmar — a 12-foot wall of water sweeping away entire villages, leaving the coastal plain under water, thousands dead, missing or homeless and much of the capital city of Yangon without electricity or water. It is the sort of disaster that brings the world together in a desire to help, and the reaction of governments, the United Nations and international humanitarian organizations has been swift and noble. There is no time to waste.

We wish we could also say that this is no time for politics, but that simply would not be true. Myanmar — the name the junta gave to Burma — has been ruled by military dictatorship for 46 years, increasingly isolated and struggling under economic sanctions by the United States and Europe. Last September, the junta crushed peaceful protest marches by Buddhist monks.

These repressive policies contributed greatly to the disaster. Crushing poverty left many coastal communities more vulnerable to the storm than they otherwise might have been, and, as Laura Bush observed, the government-controlled news media failed to issue timely warnings. The fear now is that the generals may create

obstacles to the rescue operation, which will require moving volumes of supplies as well as large numbers of aid workers, many from countries hostile to the regime.

Though the junta took the unusual step of asking for foreign assistance, the information ministry suggested that only "friendly countries" would be allowed to help. It is still not clear whether aid workers will require visas. The junta also has refused to cancel a referendum scheduled for next Saturday on a constitution that claims to be a step toward democracy. The referendum, which will effectively leave the military in control anyway, will divert attention from recovery efforts.

None of this should dissuade any government or agency from trying to help. President Bush pledged \$3.25 billion on Tuesday. He said the United States stood ready to "do a lot more" — including deploying American naval assets to assist rescue and aid distribution efforts — but first the junta must approve and let American disaster teams assess the damage.

Helping the people of Myanmar is the immediate task. In time, the world can redouble its effort to free Myanmar from the great disaster of the junta itself.

Editorial Notebook

The Cost of Smarts

Research on animal intelligence always makes me wonder just how smart humans are. Consider the fruit-fly experiments described in Carl Zimmer's piece in the Science Times on Tuesday. Fruit flies who were taught to be smarter than the average fruit fly tended to live shorter lives. This suggests that dimmer bulbs burn longer, that there is an advantage in not being too terrifically bright.

Intelligence, it turns out, is a high-priced option. It takes more upkeep, burns more fuel and is slow off the starting line because it depends on learning — a gradual process — instead of instinct. Plenty of other species are able to learn, and one of the things they've apparently learned is when to stop.

Is there an adaptive value to limited intelligence? That's the question behind this new research. I like it. Instead of casting a wistful glance backward at the species we've left in the dust, I'd like to see what the real costs of our own intelligence might be. This is on the mind of every animal I've ever met.

Every chicken that looks at you sideways — which is how they all look at you — is really saying what Thoreau said less succinctly: you are endeavoring to solve the problem of a livable life by a formula more complicated than the problem itself. Thoreau himself would not dispute that he was hoping to recover the chicken's point of view. He went to Walden Pond "to remember well his ignorance."

Research on animal intelligence also makes me wonder what experiments animals would perform on humans if they had the chance. Every cat with an owner, for instance, is running a small-scale study in operant conditioning. I believe that if animals ran the labs, they would test us to determine the limits of our patience, our faithfulness, our memory for terrain. They would try to decide what intelligence in humans is really for, not merely how much of it there is. Above all, they would hope to study a fundamental question: Are humans actually aware of the world they live in? So far the results are inconclusive.

VERLYN KLINKENBORG

ONLINE: MORE LETTERS

Patent protection; the foreclosure crisis; paying for doctors' classes. Also: Give the Lower East Side some respect.

nytimes.com/opinion

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At 60, Israel Redefines Roles for Itself and for Jews Elsewhere

By ETHAN BRONNER

JERUSALEM — The Jewish people are marking the 60th anniversary of their national rebirth, the founding of Israel, on Thursday with the usual military flyovers, flag burnings and televised reminiscences of aging pioneers.

But there is another form of celebration planned, and its sponsors believe it says something about the national character: a three-day conference of some of the best minds from around the world on some of the biggest challenges facing humankind — and especially the Jews — in the coming decades.

"The brain enriches the pocket, not the other way around," Shimon Peres, Israel's president and the patron of the conference, said in an interview. "We are a small land and a small people, but we can become a daring world laboratory, and that is our desire and plan."

Nearly 700 guests are expected to take part next week in 35 discussion groups. They include statesmen like Henry A. Kissinger, Vaclav Havel, Tony Blair and Joschka Fischer, but also Sergey Brin of Google, Terry Semel of Yahoo and Rupert Murdoch, along with seven Jewish Nobel laureates and President Bush.

Given the guest list, the topics are naturally big and ambitious, including the shift in global power from West to East (and south), nuclear proliferation and climate change. But much of the focus will also be on topics closer to home like Islamic extremism, the rise of Iran and sovereignty in Jerusalem.

In fact, what are billed as global challenges — terrorism, Iran — seem to be somehow especially Jewish and Israeli ones. The organizers say this is not coincidental or unusual and point as an example to Hitler, who posed an enormous threat to the world but focused particularly on the Jews.

"Catalyzers always seem to affect Jews first," remarked Stuart E. Eizenstat, a senior official in the Clinton and Carter administrations, who wrote an essay that forms a basis for the conference. "Go back to the Black Plague. It was not a Jewish issue, but it had particular impact on Jews because they were blamed for it."

There will be a number of senior officials from Central Europe and Africa, including the presidents of Georgia, Poland and Burkina Faso.

Missing from the conference will be any serious Arab representation. Arab leaders and thinkers from Egypt, Jordan and the Palestinian areas have been invited, but none have confirmed partly because simultaneously the Arab world will be marking Israel's 60th anniversary as a catastrophe known as "Nakba Day," which will involve its own

conferences and demonstrations. The organizers in Jerusalem are still hoping a few Arab leaders will come.

Mr. Peres said that to him the idea was to bring thoughtful Jews and non-Jews together in the perhaps idle hope of "making the Jews more worldly and making the world more Jewish."

He gave as examples Israel's innovative approach to irrigation and its strong presence in medical equipment production worldwide.

"In China, we do not know who Moses was, but we do know

about our drip irrigation systems," he said.

Speaking of Israel and China in the same breath, which will occur many times at the conference, raises some complex questions and offers some staggering contrasts. According to Mr. Eizenstat's paper, Israel has more engineers per capita than any country in the world — 135 per 100,000. (There are 85 per 100,000 in the United States.) But even so, the total number of Israeli engineers — nearly 100,000 — is tiny compared with the number China is producing every year, about

600,000.

The back work for the conference has been done by a relatively unknown policy planning institute, which is the brainchild of a former Israeli journalist named Avinoam Bar-Yosef and whose chairman is Dennis Ross, the former top Middle East peace negotiator for the United States. The institute seeks to incorporate strategic planning into Jewish life here and abroad and to make sure Israel and world Jewry understand their common interests.

One significant development of recent years that will be discussed here is the shift in the relationship between Israel and diaspora Jewry. For decades, Israel was the needy child depending on contributions and support from abroad as it struggled to survive.

Today Israel's Jewish population of 5.5 million is the world's largest, just ahead of that of the United States, which is slowly declining through low birth rate and intermarriage. Israel has in fact become the center of Jewish life and is increasingly being asked to act like a world leader brother to Jewish communities elsewhere.

"This imposes certain responsibilities on Israel as the center of

Jewish culture, literature and religious thought," Mr. Eizenstat said. "Because Israel has been so focused on its security, it has not reached out enough in the past to strengthen the diaspora. Such a move also ran counter to Zionism, which foresaw all Jews moving to Israel. But that is not going to happen, and Israel is starting to understand that a weak Jewish diaspora means a weak Israel."

Mr. Bar-Yosef said for him the point of the gathering was to nurture the hope of change in Israel, "to have the willingness to repair what needs repairing and also to take a breath and acknowledge what has been accomplished in just 60 years."

← Folio

A Shelf Page is formed when one or more large ads leave a single shallow ledge for news.

A Widow or Orphan is created when all or part of one word forms the last line of a paragraph. An orphan occurs at the top of a column of type. A widow occurs anywhere else.

Cowen Elected Prime Minister Of Ireland

By JOHN F. BURNS

LONDON — Brian Cowen was elected Ireland's new prime minister by an 88-to-76 vote in the parliament on Wednesday, and he announced a major cabinet shuffle.

Mr. Cowen, 48, who had been the finance minister, succeeded Bertie Ahern, who handed his resignation to President Mary McAleese on Tuesday after 11 years in power. Mr. Ahern was widely credited for leading Ireland through a period of economic boom and for his role in negotiating peace in Northern Ireland, but said he was quitting last month amid concern about an economic downturn and a corruption inquiry that raised questions about his personal finances.

The economic problems remain a critical challenge for Mr. Cowen and the right-of-center Fianna Fail Party, whose leadership he has inherited. Unemployment has risen to its highest level in a decade, and falling property prices and consumer spending have raised fears of a recession.

In a speech in the parliament, known as the Dail, he said he was accepting the prime ministership "with a sense of humility."

"This is a wonderful country," he said. "We are a fortunate people."

He appointed new ministers of finance, justice and foreign affairs, among other posts, and said his first task was to prepare for a June 12 referendum in Ireland on a European Union treaty, which would hand new powers to European institutions in Brussels.

Mr. Cowen said winning the referendum was essential if Ireland was to "secure our place in the heart of Europe."

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A DIAMOND IS FOREVER

← Filler or House Ad

Acquittal in Nun's Killing Provokes Outcry in Brazil

By ALEXEI BARRIONUEVO

RIO DE JANEIRO — Human rights advocates and the Brazilian government on Wednesday sharply criticized the acquittal of a man accused of being behind the murder of an American Roman Catholic nun in the Brazilian Amazon forest.

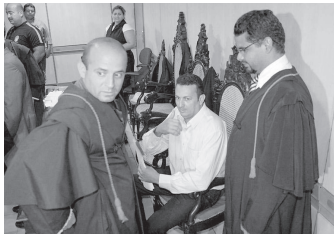
On Tuesday, after a two-day trial, a jury in Belém, in Pará State, acquitted the man, Vitalmiro Bastos de Moura, of conspiracy in the murder of Sister Dorothy Stang in February 2005.

The trial was the second in which a jury had considered Mr. Moura's role in the killing. He was convicted and sentenced in May last year to 30 years in prison on charges of ordering the killing of Sister Dorothy, 73, who was a staunch advocate of protecting the rain forest.

Under Brazilian law, a retrial is required for first offenders who are sentenced to more than 20 years. This time, the jury voted 5 to 2 to accept the defense contention that Mr. Moura had no motive to be involved in Sister Dorothy's killing and that it had been carried out solely by Rayfran das Neves Sales, who confessed to shooting her and is serving a 28-year sentence.

The trials of suspects in her killing have been seen as tests of Brazil's willingness to prosecute murders over land use on the vio-

Mery Galanternick contributed reporting.



Vitalmiro Bastos de Moura, seated, on Tuesday, when he was acquitted of conspiracy in the murder of Sister Dorothy Stang.

lent and largely lawless Amazon frontier. The case drew international attention because Sister Dorothy, a naturalized Brazilian, was originally from Dayton, Ohio, and she was viewed as a leader in the movement for sustainable development on par with Chico Mendes, the rubber tapper who was killed in 1988.

Sister Dorothy was shot while visiting a remote encampment near the Trans-Amazon Highway in Pará, in a region known for corruption and land violence.

The Brazilian president, Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva, vowed in 2005 that his government would "not rest until the killers are

caught." Brazil's Supreme Court once considered a motion to have the killing declared a federal crime, which would have taken the case out of Pará's courts.

Paulo Vannuchi, the minister for the government's Special Secretariat for Human Rights, expressed "vehement disagreement" with the Belém jury's verdict. The acquittal "reinforces the feeling of impunity that is so widespread in our country, opening a road to more crime and violence," Mr. Vannuchi said.

As many as 800 settlers, union members and priests have been killed in Pará in disputes over land in the last 30 years, accord-

ing to the Catholic Church's Land Pastoral, which monitors land violence in Brazil.

"Economic power continues to rule" in Pará, said Margarida Pantoja, a member of the Dorothy Committee, a group of human rights advocates and religious sisters in Belém from different congregations. "We will go back to feeling insecure."

After the verdict on Tuesday, Judge Moises Flexa ordered Mr. Moura released. He had been in jail since 2005. Ms. Pantoja said her group planned to ask Pará's governor for more security in the area, out of concern over possible retribution.

Mr. Sales was the chief witness in Mr. Moura's new trial. Edson Sales, a prosecutor, said he planned to appeal the verdict that he offered as much as \$25,000 to kill Sister Dorothy after she fought to preserve a piece of jungle that ranchers wanted to clear for logging and cattle ranching.

Mr. Sales said in court that he had acted alone and in self-defense, contradicting previous testimony in which he said he had used Mr. Moura's gun, said Gloria Lima, a court spokeswoman.

Tom Stang, a brother of Sister Dorothy, said the family was crushed by the acquittal. "That guy was offered up as a sacrificial lamb," he said of Mr. Sales. "But the darker forces that created him have been allowed to go free."

Berlusconi Chooses Cabinet, Reuniting a Familiar Cast

By IAN FISHER

Silvio Berlusconi prepared on Wednesday to take power for the third time as Italy's prime minister, announcing a slimmed-down cabinet of familiar faces aimed at overcoming an immobile economy and years of political paralysis. He is expected to be sworn in on Thursday.

In announcing his cabinet, Mr. Berlusconi, 71, one of Italy's richest men, renewed his promise to hold his first cabinet meeting in Naples, the southern city at the center of a trash crisis that periodically floods the streets with stinking garbage. On Tuesday, the European Commission filed suit against Italy for its failure to dispose of its waste properly, and it faces steep fines at a time of al-

most no economic growth.

Mr. Berlusconi said the meeting there would be a "symbolic gesture" showing his seriousness in finally solving trash problems.

Several of the chief ministers have served in Mr. Berlusconi's previous governments — the center-right parties that last month defeated the center-left coalition led by Rome's former mayor, Walter Veltroni.

Two men will take up their former cabinet posts: Franco Frattini, now the European Union justice commissioner, will return as foreign minister, and Giulio Tremonti as economics minister. Mr. Berlusconi also renamed two of

his closest aides as under secretaries: Gianni Letta, a behind-the-scenes dealmaker, and Paolo Bonaiuti, Mr. Berlusconi's longtime spokesman.

The names reflect a difficult balance among the center-right parties that brought him to power and have been a source of both strength and instability. Most difficult for Mr. Berlusconi are his ties with the Northern League, which advocates a federal system to give greater autonomy to the prosperous north. The league also caused his first government to fall after only nine months.

He named the league's leader, Umberto Bossi, minister of reforms. Another party member, Roberto Calderoli, was named minister in charge of reducing

the expensive bulk of the Italian Parliament. In 2006, as reforms minister, Mr. Calderoli provoked violent demonstrations in Libya after he unbuttoned his shirt to reveal a T-shirt bearing a cartoon of the Prophet Muhammad that offended many Muslims.

Center-left politicians, now in the opposition after two shaky years in power, said Mr. Berlusconi's government had few dynamic new faces, and too few women, instead balancing the interests of the parties who supported him at a time when experts say Italy needs change.

"It is a total disappointment," said Dario Franceschini, a leader of the center-left Democratic Party, which was defeated in the national elections last month.

EUROPE

Britain: Last Call on the London Tube



London's new mayor, Boris Johnson, says that he was banning alcohol on the city's public transportation system, effective next month, in an effort to "end the problem of drunken and intimidating behavior on the Tube." Some subway workers said they welcomed the move as a way to change the unpleasant late-night atmosphere in the subways. But Bob Crow, general secretary of the union representing London Underground employees, said the plan had been put into place too hastily and would be difficult to enforce. "Perhaps the mayor will come out with his underpants on over his trousers like Superman one Saturday to show us how it should be done," he told Agence France-Presse.

SARAH LYALL

Germany: 2 Groups Banned for Neo-Nazism

The German government shut down two groups, Collegium Humanum and the Association for the Rehabilitation of People Persecuted for Denying the Holocaust, accusing them of spreading anti-Semitic propaganda and glorifying the Nazis. The bans came after the authorities carried out a series of early morning raids in North Rhine-Westphalia, Lower Saxony and Hesse.

NICHOLAS KULISH

THE AMERICAS

Argentina: Ash Cloud Grounds Flights, Spreads

Major Argentine airlines suspended flights to some cities in Argentina as the huge ash cloud from the Chaitén volcano in Chile blew east. Argentina. Although people in Argentina have not been evacuated, the authorities in affected areas have suspended classes and distributed face masks and drinking water. At least 8,000 have been evacuated in Chile since the volcano's eruption on Friday.

PASCALE BONNEFOY

MIDDLE EAST

Yemen: Japanese Tourists Briefly Taken Hostage

Armed men kidnapped two female Japanese tourists near the town of Marib in Yemen, but released them hours later, local officials said. The kidnappers had been demanding the release of a comrade from jail in return for the women's release, the officials said. But it was unclear whether the demand was met.

ROBERT F. WORTH

Syria: Atomic Agency Seeks Answers

Mohamed ElBaradei, the director general of the International Atomic Energy Agency in Brussels, said Syria had an obligation to tell his agency whether the site Israeli warplanes bombed there in September was an undeclared nuclear reactor. The government in Damascus has not granted United Nations inspectors access to the area despite several requests, diplomats say. The United States released intelligence last month that it said showed that Syria had built a reactor at the site. The Syrian government has denied the accusations.

(REUTERS)

ASIA

China: Rushing to Track Children's Disease

Health officials in China, responding to the continued spread of hand, foot and mouth disease, a dangerous intestinal virus, issued new regulations requiring all health care providers to report new cases of the disease, which has killed 28 children in the past two months, most of them in central Anhui Province. Several new cases were reported in Beijing this week.

ANDREW JACOBS

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Kicker

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DEVASTATION IN MYANMAR

Cyclone deaths may hit 100,000

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Aid efforts hampered by delays imposed by military junta

YANGON, Myanmar — Bodies floated in flood waters and survivors tried to reach dry ground on boats using blankets as sails, while the top U.S. diplomat in Myanmar said Wednesday that the toll from the cyclone and its aftermath may reach 100,000. Hungry crowds stormed the few shops that opened in the country's stricken Irrawaddy Delta, sparking fist fights, according to Paul Risley, a spokesman for the UN World Food Program in neighbouring Thailand. Shari Villarosa, who heads the U.S. Embassy in Myanmar, said food and water are running short in the delta area and called the situation there "increasingly horrendous." "There is a very real risk of disease outbreaks as long as this continues," Villarosa told reporters. The death toll could hit or exceed 100,000 as humanitarian conditions worsen, she said. State media in Myanmar, also known as Burma, reported that nearly 23,000 people died when cyclone Nargis blasted the country's western coast on Saturday and more than 42,000 others were missing. See TOLL / A4

Dateline
(An actual date is
not needed.)

Gutter

Jump Line

Flooding wipes out two communities

**By Brian Thevenot
and Manuel Torres**
Staff writers

Dual or Double Byline

Credit Line or Agency Credit

Lede (The first one or two meaningful paragraphs,
highlighted here in green.)

Undated (or Undateline) Story

As Jerry Rayes piloted his boat down St. Claude Avenue, just past the Industrial Canal, the eerie screams that could barely be heard from the roadway grew louder as, one by one, faces of desperate families appeared on rooftops, on balconies and in windows, some of them waving white flags.

The scene wouldn't change for the next three hours, as Rayes and his son and nephew boated down St. Claude Avenue and deep into St. Bernard Parish, where water smothered two-story houses, people and animals. The men had to duck to miss streetlights that towered over Judge Perez Drive, the parish's main thoroughfare.

The people Rayes rescued all told the same story, already written on their stunned and shivering

The Times-Picayune

See FLOOD, A-6

Jump Line

"Lede" has two different meanings:

- The main article on Page One, often called the **Lede Story** (see above).
- The first one or two introductory paragraphs of an article (see left).

To avoid confusion with metallic lead (Pb), once used in newspaper production, it is spelled "lede."

Anatomy of an Article



When a story continues from another page, the second and subsequent pages are known as **Jump Pages**. The article that jumps usually gets a **Jump Head**.

In this example, the **Tracks** are used to tie similar stories, and can be thought of as a common kicker for each story.

Jump-from line **Jump Head** **Jump Type** **Tracks, Rails or Railroad Tracks**

A18 THE NEW YORK TIMES **NATIONAL** TUESDAY, MAY 13, 2008

08 THE 2008 CAMPAIGN: The Environment and Get-Out-the-Vote Efforts

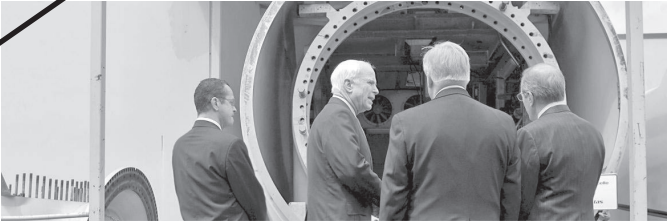
McCain Backs Caps on Greenhouse Emissions

From Page A1

either reducing emissions on their own or buying credits from more efficient producers.

Mr. McCain's break with the Bush administration means that the three main presidential candidates have embraced swifter action to fight global warming.

The two Democrats seeking their party's presidential nomination, Senators Barack Obama of Illinois and Hillary Rodham



Legal but Controversial, It Helped Get Out the Vote

By **MIKE MCINTIRE** and **MICHAEL LUO**

In the threadbare border towns of South Texas, one of the country's poorest regions, enterprising locals like Candelaria Espinoza have long been paid to round up votes for candidates on Election Day. There is even a name for these electoral soldiers of fortune: politiqueras.

Houston and other urban areas where black voters formed a crucial bloc of support.

The payments' impact was even less clear in Ohio, where Mrs. Clinton won one of the two Congressional districts where street money was used, but lost the other.

Whatever its effectiveness, street money is burdened with

Sometimes layout editors will mix up the traditional larger-to-smaller order of elements. Note that the upper deck is not worded like a kicker; its position is interchangeable with the main head.

At 82, triathlon relay runner Bob Gralley can run circles around many half his age

Senior athlete sets records of his own

BY **TANIKA WHITE**
(SUN REPORTER)

Bob Gralley's heart belongs to his wife, Betty, whom he has loved for 60 years. But on this day, it's a petite 29-year-old blonde who makes his heart race. Literally.

Attached with tubes and straps to a monitor that will take a snapshot of his heart and lung health, Gralley runs on a treadmill, as his young trainer methodically increases the speed. Faster, faster, faster, faster, Gralley's New Balance running shoes pound the mat of the whirling machine.

The trainer, Krista Schultz, had predicted Gralley's heart would max out at about 138 beats per minute, but at the end of a 12-minute run, she had logged his highest rate at 157 beats.

This would be a fine maximum for a man of 63.

But Bob Gralley is 82 — and in two weeks, he will run in the Columbia Triathlon as the last leg of a relay team. He'll run about six miles after a teammate bikes about 25 miles and another

swims about a mile.

"There are people half his age who can't run in a triathlon, much less people who are his age," said Dr. Shannon Winakur, a cardiologist with Mid-Atlantic Cardiovascular Associates and a spokeswoman for the American Heart Association. "It's certainly not the norm for an 82-year-old, but it is truly inspirational."

In fact, Gralley's teammates on the Erickson Retirement Communities-sponsored team are half his age, and he will be the oldest person ever to compete in the annual event, which is May 18 at Centennial Park, between Elliott City and Columbia.

"That kind of drive is unbelievable," said Lee Corrigan, executive director of the Under Armour Baltimore Marathon, which Gralley has run.

But Gralley shrugs off the awestruck reaction his fitness level garners.

"My heart goes up when I'm near pretty girls," he said, by way of explanation, as Schultz blushes.

Comely trainers notwithstanding, the truth is that Gralley has been working [Please see RUNNER, 7A]



The Baltimore Sun

Bob Gralley, 82, will be participating in the 10K run of the Columbia Triathlon. He is the oldest person to participate in the race, which is May 18.

BARBARA HADDOCK TAYLOR
(SUN PHOTOGRAPHER)

The smaller **Deck** (or **Summary Graf**) is the uppermost head.

Main head is below its normal position.

Headline → *Checking for Storm Damage: How Innovations Have Fared*

Byline →
By Ian Salisbury

Drop Cap → **I**T'S TRIAL BY FIRE. In the heady markets of recent years, fund companies rolled out lots of innovative new offerings. Now, with stock markets world-wide down amid concern that the U.S. is entering a serious recession, these innovations are facing their first real test.

Smallcaps Lede → Some of these investment ideas could end up

looking like the Internet-oriented funds that sprouted in 1999 and early 2000: symbols of excess in the waning days of a bull market. Or the opposite could happen. Hedge funds—these largely unregulated investment pools for the wealthy—cemented their popularity when they demonstrated their ability to earn profits in the steep bear market of 2000-2002.

Bold all-caps lede-in →

Color art centered on 2 columns with white space or a margin.

Margin or White Space →

The Wall Street Journal

We decided to take a close look at some of the fund-industry innovations of recent years. Some play to Americans' growing desire to invest in emerging markets. Some tap into small investors' urge to use the same hedge-fund techniques as the rich. Others—target-date funds—are designed to protect investors from themselves, offering one-stop shopping that aims to eliminate all the worry about what to buy and when. Here are the categories we zeroed in on and what we found:



Min Jae Hong

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE: BRIC funds have proved more volatile than other emerging-markets investments. Overall, emerging-markets funds returned about 22% over the 12 months through April 30; in the first four months of this year they were down 4.26%. Funds that describe themselves as BRIC funds returned 27% over the past 12 months and were down 14% this year through April 30. (Fund returns through

Soaring markets in recent years fueled investor interest in the BRIC countries: Brazil's benchmark stock-market index jumped 185% over the four years through Dec. 31, while Russia's gained 304%, India's 247%, and China's 251%.

At least two new India funds have been launched this year, on top of three last year, giving U.S. individuals who want to bet on India almost triple the number of options they had just two years ago. There are now 49 funds with Brazil, Russia, India or China, or

some combination, in their name. Altogether they have \$33 billion under management, according to fund tracker Morningstar Inc.

April 30 are preliminary.)

Templeton BRIC Fund is down about 8.33% this year, but its lead manager, Mark Mobius, remains bullish. "The outlook for emerging equity markets in 2008 is good," he writes in an email. "We expect to end the year on a good note if commodity prices remain high and consumer spending remains strong in the BRIC countries."

MARKETING PITCH: A number of firms have rolled out funds that focus on one or more of four emerging behemoths—Brazil, Russia, India and China.

LESSONS LEARNED: Most individual investors are better off with a broadly diversified international
Please turn to page R5

Topic headline or Divider or Subhead →

BRIC FUNDS

Jump Line

Anatomy of an Article



Rowdy crowd gets Girdwood Forest Fair axed

BAD VIBES: Drugs, drinking, fires and fighting halt annual July Fourth festival.

By BETH BRAGG
bbragg@adn.com

Blaming out-of-control campers and partiers who turned a funky festival into a bad scene, organizers of the Girdwood Forest Fair on Sunday said they have canceled the popular outdoor arts and music festival that would have turned 33 years old this July.

The event, which last year drew an average of 5,000 people a day for three straight days, could be back on the calendar next year, Forest Fair committee member

Jay Bell said.

But the fair and the parade won't happen this summer because organizers couldn't figure out how to tame a rowdy crowd that brought underage drinking, illegal camping and campfires, drug use and fights to the town of about 2,500.

"We wanted to send a message to the people who came and made it their own two-day party on the river. We want to tell those people who ruined it that they can't return to this event," Bell said. "The campground had gotten out of control and had become its own thing. The campground has to go away, and then we can have the fair again."

Kliff Hopson, the drummer for the Fairbanks rock

band Gangly Moose, said the Forest Fair will be missed by musicians and music lovers around the state.

"For many years now, I've called the Forest Fair the premier music event in Alaska," he said Sunday after learning of the cancellation. "That's the way I look at it."

"But I can totally understand where they're coming from. ... I woke up Sunday morning last year at the Forest Fair and basically got routed out of my campsite because of these freaked-out dudes camping next to us being scary. They were talking about hurting people."

The trouble was happening outside the confines of the Forest Fair, a Fourth of July event held annually

"We wanted to send a message to the people who came and made it their own two-day party."

Forest Fair committee member Jay Bell

See Back Page, FOREST FAIR

Summary Graf with bold lede-in
Sometimes called a Subhead.
(The lede-in substitutes for a kicker.)

Pull Quote, Drop Quote or Quote-Out

Note that this **Jump Line** doesn't refer to a specific page number, but rather the position of the **Jump Page**.

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Write the next chapter in our Alaska political satire.
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CURRY
Sexual harassment in the workplace
MONEY, A-5

FARMERS MARKETS
Early crops are popping up
LIFE, D-4

CYCLING
Bike for Women is a family affair
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Anchorage Daily News

Monday, May 5, 2008 BREAKING NEWS AT ADN.COM Alaska's Newspaper

Rowdy crowd gets Girdwood Forest Fair axed

BAD VIBES: Drugs, drinking, fires and fighting halt annual July Fourth festival.

By BETH BRAGG
bbragg@adn.com

Blaming out-of-control campers and partiers who turned a funky festival into a bad scene, organizers of the Girdwood Forest Fair on Sunday said they have canceled the popular outdoor arts and music festival that would have turned 33 years old this July.

The event, which last year drew an average of 5,000 people a day for three straight days, could be back on the calendar next year, Forest Fair committee member

Jay Bell said.

But the fair and the parade won't happen this summer because organizers couldn't figure out how to tame a rowdy crowd that brought underage drinking, illegal camping and campfires, drug use and fights to the town of about 2,500.

"We wanted to send a message to the people who came and made it their own two-day party on the river. We want to tell those people who ruined it that they can't return to this event," Bell said. "The campground had gotten out of control and had become its own thing. The campground has to go away, and then we can have the fair again."

Kliff Hopson, the drummer for the Fairbanks rock

band Gangly Moose, said the Forest Fair will be missed by musicians and music lovers around the state.

"For many years now, I've called the Forest Fair the premier music event in Alaska," he said Sunday after learning of the cancellation. "That's the way I look at it."

"But I can totally understand where they're coming from. ... I woke up Sunday morning last year at the Forest Fair and basically got routed out of my campsite because of these freaked-out dudes camping next to us being scary. They were talking about hurting people."

The trouble was happening outside the confines of the Forest Fair, a Fourth of July event held annually

SOME ALASKA RANCHERS STEER AWAY FROM TRADITIONAL BREEDS

Todd Pettit, who manages bison and elk herds at the Pitkin Ranch near Lacey Mountain outside of Palmer, reads to Sydney, one of the ranch's borderlines, who is curious about the contents of Pettit's feed bucket.

Exotic meat market

Bison, elk and yak among latest flavors

By S.J. KOSMANITZKY
skosman@adn.com

LACEY MOUNTAIN — Down a muddy lane on Todd Pettit's 600-acre Pitkin Ranch near Palmer stands a herd of bison 65 strong.

It's mid-April, but already mosquitoes swirl around their massive heads. They sit and "roar" as their herds, a 2,000-pound herd of bison raised in the state's largest bison herd, rearers forward to eye a visitor.

These animals are raised for more than as a tourist attraction. Pettit is in a dedicated herd of Alaska farmers raising sometimes-exotic breeds for meat, breeds that include bison, elk and even yak.

It's no easy way to make a living — high,

sturdy fences and the ability to run fast are a must. But ranchers from Kenai to Kodiak to the Mat to say they have found eager customers drawn by the health benefits of bison meat and a desire to eat locally produced food.

"It's kind of taking off," said Ruby Holmbeck, head of the Alaska Diversified

Association blog and state agriculture site: adn.com/mats

Some of the younger elk in the Pitkin Ranch herd are skittish and easily scared.

Currency bypasses the Bush

EDITOR'S NOTE: The hurdles to a successful business in rural Alaska are numerous: tiny markets, remote geographic locations, weather, medical and transportation costs. But some do it. One study looked to uncover what it takes for businesses to succeed in rural Alaska. Here's what they found.

OBSTACLES: A fraction of the wealth enters villages despite billions in resources.

By ELIZABETH BUCHHEIM
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In the general store in Norwick, an Alaskan village on the banks of the Kupuk River, the shelves are empty and customers are on a constant quest for dollars and cents.

It's not unusual for a local customer to walk into the Morris Trading Post with a \$500 or \$1,000 paycheck and use it to buy \$20 in groceries, she says.

Typically, Morris hands them what ever cash she can spare and writes them a check for the balance. A stamp on the check identifies the store as a "cash advance" — it becomes a sort of "flex currency" that some will use as cash elsewhere in town.

Like most remote villages, Norwick has no bank and no ATM. And when the trading post runs out of cash, Morris has to go out and get it.

But Morris says she's not alone. In a town of 37 miles away by plane at a cost of \$100 more round trip — to get stacks of bills and hundreds of dollars' worth of groceries and "get the cash wherever I travel," Morris says.

This Bush banking method has

Part 1 of 4

WEATHER
Forecast: Cloudy with showers
High 52, low 35
Wind: S-W
Rainfall: High 52, low 38
Fog: Chance of rain
High 52, low 33

Adm. Serv. 0.3
Classified 0.7
Comics/Entertain. 0.4
Continued 0.7
Lifestyle 0.7
Money 0.3
Obituaries 0.4
Opinion 0.4
Sports 0.7
TV Listings 0.5
Weather 0.6

Top Nation & World News

Vote would give province more autonomy from Bolivia

Bolivia's largest province — and perhaps its richest — voted Sunday on pulling away from the highly centralized government. The separatist referendum Sunday may be premature since President Evo Morales says what they are doing is illegal. Page B-1

Attack on Afghan president was an inside operation

Al-Qaeda's defense minister confirmed Sunday that an army officer supplied the weapons and a police captain led troops to the group that tried to assassinate President Hamid Karzai a week ago in a military pay dispute. Page B-3

Poll's principal finding may be that voters are cynical

News poll recently diagnosed a number of points but were mostly in accord in believing that candidate say what they have to in order to win. Page B-1

UAA grad overcomes huge odds for diploma

After traumatic brain injury, she lost everything but hope

By BETH BRAGG
bbragg@adn.com

Kathleen Aben-Karnes came to UAA five years ago with the most modest back-to-school wardrobe imaginable: two pairs of sweatpants, two sweatshirts and a T-shirt.

When she picked up her diploma Sunday, she was among the school's best dressed. Draped around the neck of her black graduation gown were three colorful honor cords — one for leadership, one for academics and one for excellence in economic studies.

She could have accentuated even more if there were an award for perseverance, because when it comes to overcoming obstacles, Aben-Karnes, 36, is near the front of the class.

Her five-page resume is packed with achievements, from the bachelor's degree she just earned in marketing and economics, to the internship she spent in Geneva, Switzerland, with a delegate to the United Nations, to the endless list of leadership positions she has held in academic and service organizations.

Absent from the resume are the challenges she has faced, although if you read between the lines, there are some hints. There's the six-year gap in employment beginning in 2000,

Kathleen Aben-Karnes, 36, swings her cord Thursday after morning reception at a Leadership Honors reception at UAA. She lost her job and home after a car accident in 2000.

When her 16-year career as a surveyor in California ended, there's the list of scholarships, which includes one from Boeing's Corp.

There's the recap of volunteer work, which includes monthly motivational talks at the Brother Francis Shelter.

See Page A-4, UAA

SCOREBOARD



agate type

Other type faces (such as those used in headlines) are known generically as Display Type.

Agate Type is the small sans-serif type typically used in financial, calendar listings, movie listings and sports pages. A page containing all or mostly agate is called an Agate Page. Agate can appear in tabular or non-tabular (or text) format. In a rare instance of inter-newspaper standardization, 5.5-point News Gothic is the favored agate type face at most U.S. newspapers, since this allows The Associated Press to accurately measure the numbers of characters that can fill a line of agate type one column wide.

Subheads & Summaries



U.S. JUDGE DELAYS ACCORD ON TAPES

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3

crats, passed the Senate overwhelmingly. The bill is now before a House subcommittee. It provides for taking "protective custody" of the tapes and papers, making them available to the special prosecutor and providing for eventual public access.

During arguments before the judge today, Mr. Nixon's lawyer disclosed that the "death clause" in the agreement signed with the G.S.A. had been suspended for five years. This section of the agreement provided for destroying tape recordings made in the former President's offices in the event of his death.

Herbert J. Miller Jr., Mr. Nixon's lawyer, told the court that he had written Mr. Sampson, saying that "it is our interpretation" of the agreement that there was "a five-year period of nondestruction no matter who dies."

The judge's ruling came as Leon Jaworski, the special Watergate prosecutor, was preparing subpoenas for additional material from the Nixon Administration. Mr. Jaworski had not been consulted on the agreement between the Ford Administration and Mr. Nixon.

Henry S. Ruth Jr., the deputy special prosecutor, began negotiations with the White House and Mr. Miller soon after the agreement was announced by President Ford on Sept. 8.

Those negotiations broke down and Mr. Miller went to Federal District Court, in an attempt to force the Government to live up to the Nixon-Sampson agreement.

Mr. Miller had asked for a temporary restraining order so that no papers would be released without subpoena and that Mr. Nixon's rights would be protected.

New Suit Filed
A conflicting order sought today by a group of journalists, historians and political scientists. The group filed suit attempting to set aside the entire agreement and to make sure the papers were held in Washington and not transferred to San Clemente, where Mr. Nixon lives.

That suit was filed just before Judge Richey began his hearing today. It was brought by the Reporters Committee for the Freedom of the Press, the American Political Science Association and eight individuals. The Nixon-Sampson agreement had given the former President "all legal and equitable title to the materials" under the Presidential Libraries Act, but the three organizations challenged that title.

"Congress surely did not intend to give a former President who resigns in the face of imminent impeachment a license to carry off, on a wholesale basis, vast stores of papers and materials prepared or received by the executive branch in the course of discharging its public responsibilities," the suit said.

The suit spoke of the dangers of possible destruction or alteration of the materials, and of a need for the materials for historical and journalistic purposes. The suit also said the papers were "prepared on Government time, by Government employees, in the discharge of their public duties."

Judge Richey joined the reporters' committee suit and the Nixon suit together and considered requests from both sides for restraining orders.

Mr. Miller told the judge that he had heard "ad nauseam" that the tapes might be destroyed if Mr. Nixon died.

"All of this talk is absolutely not true," he said. "The whole intent was that the documents and tapes not be destroyed for five years."

Robert E. Herzstein, arguing for the reporters' committee, said its primary mission was to "seek the preservation of these documents as public documents."

Prosecutor's Goal
Peter K. Kriendler, counsel for the special prosecutor's office, said the office's only function was to seek "evidence relevant to our ongoing prosecutions" and not material for issuing a final report.

When Mr. Kriendler noted that terms of the agreement barred the special prosecutor's ability to secure more tapes and documents, Mr. Miller replied that he was willing to amend the agreement to provide those materials.

William A. Dobrovir, a lawyer representing Jack Anderson, the columnist, told the court that Mr. Anderson had been seeking access to the materials since last month under the Freedom of Information Act and had been denied access by the G.S.A. He moved to intervene in the action before the court, and Judge Richey set a hearing for Nov. 4 on the matter.

Subheads are nearly extinct in their original form. They are very short headlines, usually in bold body type, that break up long columns of text.

As newspapers moved to shorter articles and more horizontal layouts that made better use of graphics and color, subheads lost their utility and visual impact. The example at left is from 1974, but by 2000 they were largely gone.

Today, some newspapers refer to any lower level of a main head as a **Subhead**. Some can be multi-line **Summary Grafs** (or **Summary Heads** or **Readouts**) or single-line **Summary Lines**; others are shorter **Decks** or **Banks** subordinate to the main head.

Other newspapers refer to **Subheads** as smaller headlines in display type (often with horizontal rules) that break up a multi-subject article. Letters to the editor and news briefs are common places to see these types of subheads.

Subheads or
Crosslines

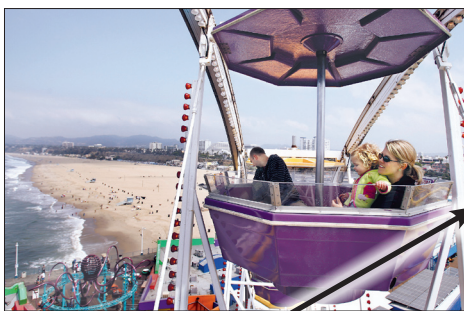
Extensive use of
Summary Grafs

Los Angeles Times

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Monday, May 5, 2008

REGISTRATION NUMBER 500



ONE LAST RIDE
Stephanie Glenn of Pasadena rides the Pacific Coast on the Santa Monica Pier with her daughter Kiersten, 2, and husband, Aaron. The Pacific Coast, which has provided millions of rides since 1966, was sold on eBay and will come down today. A new one will take its place in a few weeks.

COLUMN ONE

At 107, still a real live wire

Livermore's firehouse bulb has been burning continuously since 1901. It's generated awe and respect, even from fans of a rival Texas light.

By JOHN M. GLOVER
Times Staff Writer

FIFTEEN YEARS after his father's death, Tom Hranetzki still lives in the firehouse at Station No. 4 for old times' sake, waiting in amazement at all the changes the strange faces and sleek high-tech engines.

But one thing remains exactly the same, and it's what Hranetzki misses the most about his firefighting days: The sturdy little object hanging from the ceiling in the firehouse's engine bay, emitting its familiar faint orange glow.

He calls it the long-lived lightbulb of Livermore. "That's actually something of an understatement. At 107 years and counting, the low-watt wonder with the curlicue carbon filament has been named the planet's longest continuously burning bulb by both Guinness World Records and Ripley's Believe It or Not.

As old-timers and enduring symbol of American reliability and longevity, it's been lauded by senators and presidents. It boasts a website—www.centennialbulb.org—drawing a million hits a year—a historical society and even a website that allows curious fans to check on it 24 hours a day.

(See Lightbulb, Page A12)

Numbers crunch in LAPD buildup

A lot has changed since the major proposed adding 1,000 officers—primarily the economy.

By DAVID ZAKARIAN
Times Staff Writer

Los Angeles Mayor Antonio Villaraigosa and the city's top financial experts were stunned last fall when a steep drop in tax revenue punched a hole in the city budget—leaving them to propose an array of hikes

and cuts in public services.

But the city's \$800-million budget shortfall is also a product of two pivotal policy choices made by Villaraigosa since taking office in 2005: adding 1,000 officers to the Los Angeles Police Department and hiking the pay of unionized city workers.

On paper, paying for the new officers looks easy. If the City Council approves the mayor's budget, annual trash fees will have been raised by more than \$400 million since 2006. But hiring so many new officers is much trickier when home sales are flat, sales taxes are down and city employee pay raises have cost nearly \$90 million extra with each successive year.

To continue the LAPD expansion in the midst of an economic downturn, Villaraigosa has called for reductions in 11-hour hours and supplies, and anti-theft hours, park rangers and maintenance, summer recreation workers and arts programs.

With another grim year expected in 2009-10, the budget was posed a major question for the mayor. Even if he reduces his goal of 1,000 new officers, can that rapid buildup—his No. 1 priority—be sustained?

As they review the mayor's budget, some council members

aren't sure. Villaraigosa will have less options for big increases in fees next year. And Councilman Greg Smith, a Republican who is a reserve police officer, warned that the mayor is pushing to hire too many officers too quickly—a strategy that threatens to create a big problem in 2011.

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Two parties, two remedies for healthcare

McCain wants wider and cheaper coverage. So do Clinton and Obama. But their paths are starkly divergent.

By RICARDO ALOPES-ZALDIVAR
Times Staff Writer

WASHINGTON—If John McCain becomes president, Americans would be steered toward buying individual health insurance policies, and job-related coverage eventually could decline. If Barack Obama or Hillary Rodham Clinton wins, more people would get their insurance from the government—with many would get the equivalent of Medi-

care and employers facing new coverage mandates. In the past, voters sometimes have complained that there was little difference between Republicans and Democrats. That's far from true in the 2008 campaign, at least where healthcare is concerned. On this issue, which many voters rank near the top of their concerns, the two parties offer clear choices.

The Democratic and Republican candidates espouse similar goals: making medical insurance more available and more affordable for more Americans. But their strategies for achieving those goals are fundamentally different. So are the ways in which, over the three years, which many voters rank near the top of their concerns, the two parties offer clear choices.

McCain, for example, says he would give individuals more freedom of choice. He would give individuals more freedom of choice. He would give individuals more freedom of choice.

Clinton and Obama, meanwhile, say their fairly similar strategies would give better and more affordable coverage to more—eventually all—people, critics say they would march the country toward socialized medicine.

For the approximately 60% of Americans covered by employer-provided health insurance, none of the plans would have dramatic changes over- (See Healthcare, Page A10)

RELATED STORY

Clinton, Obama hit the talk shows

Two days before the next primaries, they spar over gas tax "holiday," her Iran remarks. NATIONAL, A14

To Chinese firms U.S. is a bargain

States aggressively woo manufacturers. Lower electricity and land costs can offset a higher labor tab.

By DON LEE
Times Staff Writer

—CHONGCHING, CHINA—Li Lu couldn't tell you much about the U.S. when he was a young man. But he knows the U.S. is a bargain.

Li Lu is part of a growing wave of Chinese entrepreneurs expanding into the U.S. From Sparthburg to Los Angeles, they are building factories, buying companies and investing in businesses and real estate.

Individually, these deals pale next to high-profile investments such as the \$4-billion state China's sovereign wealth fund took in Morgan Stanley last year, or state-owned oil giant CNOC's bid to acquire \$1.8-billion United Chemical Corp. in 2006.

But unlike the suspicion or upsurge those moves generated in 2006, U.S. officials are now more open to Chinese investment. The Bush administration's U.S. political pressure, and the Bush administration's U.S. political pressure, and the Bush administration's U.S. political pressure.

Li Lu spent about \$500,000 for seven acres in Sparthburg, less than one-fourth what it would cost to buy the same amount of land in Dengzhou, a city in southeast China where he runs three plants. U.S. electricity rates are about 75% lower, and in South Carolina, Li doesn't have to put up with frequent blackouts.

About the only major thing that's more expensive in Sparthburg is labor. Li is looking to offer \$12 to \$15 an hour there, versus about \$5 an hour in Dengzhou. But Li expects to offset some of the higher labor costs with a payroll tax credit of \$3.50 per employee from South Carolina.

"I was surprised," said the 61-year-old president of Shanghai Yancheng. "The guys' not as large



HANDS-ON APPROACH
The Lakers' Kobe Bryant tries to take the ball from Utah's Mehmet Okur in the Lakers' 109-98 win in Game 1 of the teams' Western Conference semifinal series. Game 2 is Wednesday night at Staples Center. SPORTS, B1

A mix of luck, polish

Vietnamese dominance of the manicure trade started with the help of a U.S. star.

By MY TRUONG TRAN
Times Staff Writer

These days, it's hard to meet a manicurist who isn't Vietnamese. In California, Vietnamese manicurists make up an estimated 80% of nail technicians, according to the industry trade publication, Nails. nationwide, it's 45%.

"The Vietnamese have taken over the nail industry," said Tim Nguyen, who operates the beauty school his refugee parents started.

"They began serving a niche that wasn't served by Americans. And boom!"

They've also transformed a business that once was an inconspicuous part of the manicure trade into a paragon of the industry. (See Nails, Page A12)



THIS IS AN 'ALL-CAPS' HEADLINE;
SOME LETTERS, SUCH AS IN MCCARTHY,
ARE SMALL-CAPS FOR READABILITY.

.....

This is a 'Title-Case' Headline;
Large Words and Verbs Are Upper-Case.
The Capitalization Rules Can Be Complex.

.....

This is a 'sentence-case' headline.
It is capitalized as if it were a sentence.
Many newspapers use this style for subheads.

.....

THIS IS A 'TITLE-CASE SMALL-CAPS' HEAD;
ONLY THE BIG WORDS (AND VERBS) ARE
FULL-SIZED UPPER-CASE.

.....

THIS IS A NORMAL 'SMALL-CAPS' HEAD;
IT IS CAPITALIZED AS A SENTENCE.
THIS IS THE EASIEST TO AUTOMATE.

.....

Although newspapers tend to have their own arcane variations of headline styles – and especially capitalization – they all use one of the five basic styles shown above. Variations include alignment and bold/italic.

They also tend to use single rather than double quotes (to save space) and allow certain abbreviations that are not normally seen in news articles. Newspapers that automatically generate headlines on web sites often use normal small-caps because it tends to hide capitalization mistakes.

The above headlines were set in 24-point New York Times Bookman Ludlow and NYT Bookman Ludlow Small Caps.